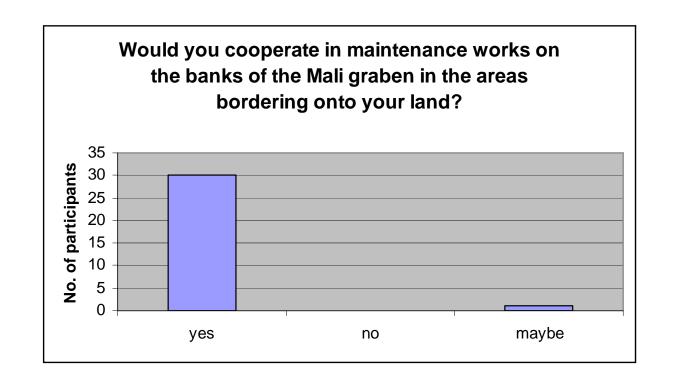
Social driving forces

- Stakeholders analysis of interests
- Willing to participate
 - willing to pay
 - willing to perform maintenance
 - willing to co-operate

Increasing of property value



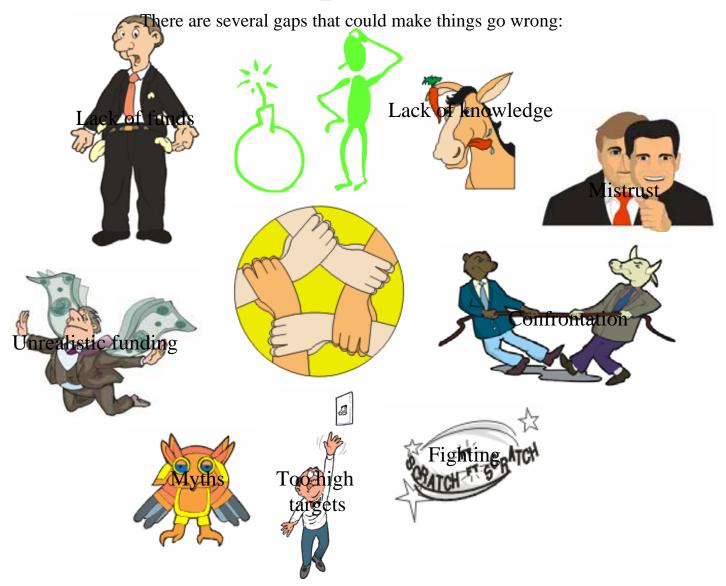
Interests of Stakeholders

Interests of stakeholders are the driving force of decision-making. In river rehabilitation projects numerous interest are involved. development an scientific bas development management plan and funds nent mana Hydropower administration Wildlife U DOUGO onmental protection angling society Nice riverfront

Bottom up approach - Steering Committee

Actions should be organized and driven by a body recognized by all involved parties. Efforts and actions must involve a pro-active participation and contributions of both era nental and non-governmental stakeholders. Earth work Time and spatial frame of the roject Monitoring **Political** Environmental D. D. D. D. protection Angling society Maintenance

Gaps



GAPS

Lack of knowledge

- water deliveries are coordinated by a poorly prepared administration
- insufficient data
- lack of trained personnel

No willing to cooperate

- low social capital lack of trust
- poorly enforced rules, regulations and laws
- regulatory approach is favored over market incentives
- high rates of urbanization
- water resource management lacks environmental considerations

Conclusions

- Interests drive our actions, and there is no action without some interests. The question is only how transparent there are and how it harmonise and optimise them.
- If stakeholder interests are not satisfied, it will nor participate in action. There is very important that all actors will satisfied their interests in so-called win-win solutions.
- Stakeholders should be involved related to their interests (what are their needs) at first and than how they would like to participate for satisfying their interests. They could provide funding, monitoring, manpower etc.
- Nothing is for free in water management.